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(Representations submitted by email [tspurway@eastdevon.gov.uk](mailto:tspurway@eastdevon.gov.uk))

3<sup>rd</sup> June 2015

**Re: East Budleigh and Bicton Neighbourhood Development Plan – Application for Neighbourhood Area Designation**

Dear Sirs,

Gladman Developments Ltd (Gladman) specialise in the promotion of strategic land for residential development with associated community infrastructure. This letter provides Gladman's representations on the application made by East Budleigh with Bicton Parish Council for the designation of a Neighbourhood Area, for the purposes of preparing a Neighbourhood Development Plan.

At this stage Gladman have no specific comments to make on the application for the Neighbourhood Area designation. However, as the first formal stage of preparing a Neighbourhood Plan, Gladman would like to take the opportunity to comment on the East Budleigh and Bicton Neighbourhood Area application to highlight a number of key requirements to which the development of the emerging Neighbourhood Plan should have regard. Gladman wish to participate in the Neighbourhood Plan's preparation and to be notified of further developments and consultations in this regard.

Neighbourhood Plans - Guidance and Legislation

The National Planning Policy Framework (The Framework) sets out the Government's planning policies for England and how these are expected to be applied. In doing so it sets out requirements for the preparation of neighbourhood plans and the role these should take in setting out policies for the local area. The guidance set out in the Framework has now been supplemented by the Neighbourhood Planning chapter contained in Planning Practice Guidance (PPG).

Paragraph 16 of the Framework sets out the positive role that Neighbourhood Plans should play in meeting the development needs of the local area. Its states that:

*“The application of the Presumption (In Favour of Sustainable Development, set out in paragraph 14 of Framework) will have implications for how communities engage in neighbourhood planning. Critically it will mean that neighbourhoods should:*

- *Develop plans that support the strategic development needs set out in Local Plans, including policies for housing and economic development;*
- *Plan positively to support local development, shaping and directing development in their area that is outside of the strategic elements of the Local Plan”*

Further guidance on the relationship between Neighbourhood Plans and strategic policies for the wider area set out in a Council’s Local Plan is included in paragraph 184 of the Framework:

*“The ambition of the neighbourhood should be aligned with the strategic needs and priorities of the wider local area. Neighbourhood Plans must be in general conformity with the strategic policies of the Local Plan. To facilitate this, local planning authorities should set out clearly their strategic policies for the area and ensure that an up-to-date plan is in place as quickly as possible. Neighbourhood Plans should reflect these policies and neighbourhoods should plan positively to support them. Neighbourhood Plans...should not promote less development than set out in the Local Plan or undermine its strategic policies”.*

Before a Neighbourhood Plan can proceed to referendum it must be tested against the Neighbourhood Plan Basic Conditions, set out in paragraph 8(2) of Schedule 4B of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 and further detailed in paragraph 065 of the Neighbourhood Plan PPG. These Basic Conditions are:

- a) Having regard to national policies and advice contained in guidance issued by the Secretary of State it is appropriate to make the neighbourhood plan*
- b) Having special regard to the desirability of preserving any listed building or its setting or any features of special architectural or historic interest that it possesses, it is appropriate to make the order*
- c) Having special regard to the desirability of preserving or enhancing the character or appearance of any conservation area, it is appropriate to make the order*
- d) The making of the neighbourhood plan contributes to the achievement of sustainable development*
- e) The making of the neighbourhood plan is in general conformity with the strategic policies contained within the development plan for the area of the authority*
- f) The making of the neighbourhood plan does not breach, and is otherwise compatible with, EU obligations*
- g) Prescribed conditions are met in relation to the plan and prescribed matters have been complied with in connection with the proposal for the neighbourhood plan*

If a Neighbourhood Plan is not developed in accordance with the Neighbourhood Plan Basic Conditions there is a real risk that it will fail when it reaches Independent Examination.

### Relationship with Local Plans

To meet the requirements of the Framework and the Neighbourhood Plan Basic Conditions, Neighbourhood Plans should be prepared to conform to up-to-date strategic policy requirements set out in Local Plans. Where an up-to-date Local Plan has been adopted and is in place for the wider authority area, it is the strategic policy requirements set out in this document that a Neighbourhood Plan should seek to support and meet. When a Local Plan is emerging or is yet to be found sound at

Examination, there will be lack of certainty over what scale of development a community must accommodate or the direction the policies in the Neighbourhood Plan should take.

Although the Neighbourhood Plan PPG indicates that Neighbourhood Plans can be advanced before an up-to-date Local Plan is in place, Gladman would strongly question the ability to progress a Neighbourhood Plan on this basis. If a Neighbourhood Plan is progressed prior to an up-to-date Local Plan being prepared, or the strategic policies and development requirements set out in an emerging Local Plan change, then the work on the Neighbourhood Plan is likely to be abortive. A Neighbourhood Plan cannot be consistent with the requirements of the Framework or the meet the Neighbourhood Plan Basic Conditions if it is progressed on a development plan that is out-of-date.

The East Devon Local Plan was adopted in July 2006. A number of policies contained in the adopted Local Plan were saved following the Secretary of States 'Saving Direction' in June 2009. The adopted Local Plan covered the plan period up-to 2011 and is therefore time expired and out-of-date against the requirements of the Framework.

Gladman note that the Council has submitted its emerging Local Plan to the Secretary of State. Following the hearing sessions, the Inspector in his letter dated 31<sup>st</sup> March 2014 stated that the Local Plan is not sound nor can it be made so by main modifications. The Inspector did not consider that the 15,000 housing target was justified by the evidence submitted to the examination. The reliability of this evidence is questionable and only considers the period 2011-2016. It is clear that the 15,000 housing target is not based on the OAN but the low migration scenario figure for East Devon given in the Roger Tyme report, plus an additional 4,000 for overspill from elsewhere which has no empirical evidence base. The Inspector further stated that the housing distribution was not based on an assessment of the ability of small towns and villages to accommodate growth and that the blanket application of a 5% minimum growth is too crude a tool.

The Inspector required a new SHMA to be produced in order to comply with the requirements of the Framework. The Council are now progressing with a housing requirement of 17,100 homes to be delivered over the plan period 2013 - 2031. Gladman note that the changes to the emerging Plan and new evidence is subject to ongoing consultation.

Given the current status of the emerging Local Plan and the uncertainty over the final policies it will set for the district, Gladman question the ability of Parish Council to progress with a Neighbourhood Plan at this time. There is currently no certainty over the level of development East Budleigh may be required to accommodate or the direction the policies in the Neighbourhood Plan need to take. It may be more appropriate if the Parish Council delayed further work until the Local Plan has been found sound by the Inspector and subsequently adopted by East Devon District Council.

#### Neighbourhood Plan Policies and Proposals

In accordance with the Neighbourhood Plan Basic Conditions, Neighbourhood Plan policies should align with the requirements of the Framework and the wider strategic policies for the area set out in the Council's Local Plan. Neighbourhood Plans should provide a policy framework that complements and supports the requirements set out in these higher-order documents, setting out further, locally-specific requirements that will be applied to development proposals coming forward.

The Framework is clear that Neighbourhood Plans cannot introduce polices and proposals that would prevent development from going ahead. They are required to plan positively for new development, enabling sufficient growth to take place to meet the strategic development needs for the area. Policies that are clearly worded or intended to place an unjustified constraint on further sustainable development taking place would not be consistent with the requirements of the Framework or meet the Neighbourhood Plan Basic Conditions.

Communities should not seek to include policies in Neighbourhood Plans that have no planning basis or are inconsistent with national and local policy obligations. Proposals should be appropriately justified by the findings of a supporting evidence base and must be sufficiently clear to be capable of being interpreted by applicants and decision makers. Policies and proposals should be designed to add value to policies set out in Local Plan and national guidance, as opposed to replicating their requirements. The community should liaise with the Council's planning team to seek advice on the appropriateness of the Neighbourhood Plan's proposals.

#### Sustainability Appraisal/Strategic Environmental Assessment

The preparation of a Neighbourhood Plan may fall under the scope of the Environmental Assessment of Plans and Programmes Regulations 2004 (SEA Regulations) that require a Strategic Environmental Assessment (SEA) to be undertaken where a Plan's proposals would be likely to have significant environmental effects. The requirement to undertake an SEA will be dependent on a Neighbourhood Plan's proposals, but is likely to be necessary where a Plan is proposing specific allocations or site designations.

In accordance with Schedule 1 of the SEA Regulations, a Screening Assessment of a Neighbourhood Plan's proposals should be completed to assess whether an SEA must be prepared. Where an SEA is required this should be commenced at the earliest opportunity, alongside the preparation of the emerging Neighbourhood Plan, to ensure the Neighbourhood Plan's proposals have been properly considered through the SEA process, and appropriately justified against other reasonable alternatives. Where an adequate SEA has not been undertaken a Neighbourhood Plan is unlikely to meet the Neighbourhood Plan Basic Conditions.

Although Neighbourhood Plans do not require a Sustainability Appraisal (SA) of their proposals, preparing an SA can help to show how a Neighbourhood Plan will contribute to the achievement of sustainable development, a Neighbourhood Plan Basic Condition. Where an SEA is required, extending this assessment to the preparation of an SA is unlikely to require significant additional input.

The Council's planning team will be able to advise on the likely need for an SEA of the Neighbourhood Plan's proposals. To be compatible with EU obligations, further appraisals, such as a Habitats Regulations Assessment, may also be required depending on local circumstances.

I hope you have found this letter to be constructive. Should you have any queries in relation to our response please do not hesitate to contact us.

Yours faithfully

John Fleming

Gladman Developments Ltd